Clallam County Journal

PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1935

News Review of Current Events the World Over

Congress Quits as Long's Filibuster Kills Deficiency Appropriation—Russia Rejects America's Protest Against Communist Subversive Activities.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

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CONGRESS ended its session at midnight Monday—after the clock hands had been moved back three times—the house hilarious with refreshment, song and rustic antics, the senate furious because Huey Long of Louisiana had conducted a lone filibuster for seven hours and talked to death the third deficiency appropriation bill. This measure carried $93,000,000 tax to pay pensions to the aged, retirement pay to railroad workers and money for crippled children.

Senator Long

The Kingfish defeated all efforts to silence him and was adamant to pleas that he was cutting off funds for humanitarian purposes. He was insisting that the house be forced to vote on the cotton and wheat loan amendments to the bill which the senate had inserted but which the lower chamber had rejected. A compromise had been reached between the administration and the bloc of cotton state senators by which the cotton raisers were to get government loans of 10 cents a pound, and the wheat farmers were left out. Long would not stand for the elimination of the amendments thus arranged.

The Democratic leaders were afraid that if submitted to the house government loans not only on wheat and cotton but on other commodities would be voted at a cost of upward of $2,000,000,000.

They determined to let the appropriation bill fail rather than submit to Long's terms, although Robinson stated that information from the controller general's office indicated there would be no available funds for the social security program unless the deficiency measure were passed.

The compromise cotton plan was accepted reluctantly by the AAA, and many of the southern senators were dissatisfied with it. The senators from the wheat states were disgruntled because the wheat loan policy was completely abandoned.

SOME of the congressional leaders lingered in Washington long enough to hold a conference with President Roosevelt and Comptroller General McCarl on ways of obtaining funds cut off by failure of the third deficiency bill. They came to the conclusion that the administrative agencies provided for in the social security act, as well as the other agencies scheduled to receive appropriations in the deficiency bill, could be set up with money either from the work relief or other unexpended funds.

However, Mr. McCarl advised, and the congressmen agreed, that grants in aid to states for old age assistance, the blind and dependent children, cannot be paid out of the work relief fund, because such activities would not create employment.

This restriction, it was concluded, would not apply to grants to states for the setting up of administrations for unemployment insurance and other activities contemplated by the social security bill, for this would provide jobs.

NOTWITHSTANDING the general protest by newspapers against the financing of paper mill construction by the Reconstruction Finance corporation, on the ground that government control of print paper supply threatens the freedom of the press, Chairman Jesse Jones of the RFC intimated that this practice may be extended and at the same time said this question was for congress to decide. He produced figures showing that 500,000 tons of paper pulp is imported annually.

Jesse Jones

"Every governmental loan to industry competes with private capital, and it is for congress to determine how long it wishes such loans made," Jones said, in a formal statement on RFC cash supplied to the Crossett Lumber company of Alabama to make paper.

Jones recalled that the house of representatives on January 29 rejected an amendment to the RFC extension bill which would have eliminated loans to paper mills. He inferred that this action gave the RFC a free hand to engage in financing of paper mills.

The application of the Crossett company is the only one received by the RFC thus far, Jones said, and added that the security behind the loan was worth $12,000,000, whereas the loan itself was for only $3,850,000. The company's previous earning record, including the last few years, assures its payment, he argued.

RECONSTRUCTION Finance corporation announced that, in order to encourage the construction of new homes and to assist the housing administration, it will buy and sell insured mortgages. Chairman Jones said a $10,000,000 revolving fund had been made available to the RFC mortgage company for this purpose. The mortgage company also was authorized to lend money to companies formed for the purpose of helping property owners pay taxes.

Jones also said that debt burdened school and reclamation districts have become eligible for loans. Advances to them will be on much the same principle as loans to aid drainage and levee districts in refinancing, he said. Both will be expected to compromise their debts with bondholders and then the corporation will refinance them on a lower level.

FRIENDLY diplomatic relations between the United States and Russia, established in November 1933, will not longer be maintained unless the Soviet government mends its ways and keeps its solemn pledges to prevent Communist organizations on its soil or under its control from plotting to overthrow the government of the United States. This was the warning handed to N. N. Krestinsky, assistant foreign affairs commissar of the U. S. S. R. by Ambassador William C. Bullitt in Moscow, whose note was written by direction of the Department of State in Washington.

Ambassador Bullitt

The language of the note was not quite so blunt as the above, but it did not mince words and its implications were not to be doubted. It said the United States "anticipates the most serious consequences if the government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics is unwilling, or unable, to take appropriate measures to prevent further acts in disregard of the solemn pledge given by it to the government of the United States."

Within two days the Soviet government replied, through Krestinsky, with a coldly worded note flatly "rejecting" the American protest. It was based on the old and more than dubious contention that the Moscow government is not and cannot be held responsible in any way for the doings of the Communist Internationale, and continued:

"Thus the statement about a violation by the government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics of its obligations contained in the note of November 16, 1933, does not follow from the obligations assumed mutually by both parties, in view of which I cannot accept your protest and am compelled to reject it."

PREMIER MUSSOLINI, in an interview granted to the correspondent of the London Daily Mail, declared flatly:

"It should be realized without the possibility of misunderstanding that whoever applies sanctions (penalties for treaty violations) against Italy will be met by the armed hostility of our country."

The duce added that if the League of Nations voted sanctions against Italy, his country would at once leave the league.

This was enough for France, which has been sitting on the fence, trying to retain the friendship of both Italy and Great Britain. Premier Laval called the cabinet together and was empowered by it to oppose the application of sanctions by the League of Nations against Italy. He expounded to the ministers his plan to persuade the council of the league to look upon Italy's projected attack on Ethiopia as a "colonial expedition" rather than a war. This would permit the league to slide out of a situation that gravely threatens its prestige. It was understood that Laval told the cabinet England was less determined to act drastically, having realized the danger in Mussolini's stand that sanctions would mean war. He also said that the duce's agreement to present the case at Geneva indicated his desire to avoid a quarrel with the great powers or a break with the league.

JOHN N. WILLYS, long prominent in the automobile industry and ambassador to Poland for two years in the Hoover administration, died in New York at the age of sixty-one. He had been ill since last May when he suffered a heart attack. Mr. Willys, forced into business at eighteen by the death of his father, made his first fortune in selling bicycles. In 1908 he took over the Overland Automobile company, which was about to go into the hands of a receiver, and organized the Willys-Overland company at Indianapolis. Later he purchased the Pope-Toledo company at Toledo, Ohio, and moved the Willys-Overland plant there. He sold his automobile holdings to a syndicate in 1929.

IN HIS radio address to the convention of Young Democrats clubs in Milwaukee President Roosevelt insisted that he was not speaking with any political motive but was saying "precisely—word for word—what I would say were I addressing a convention of the youth of the Republican party." He justified the New Deal as an intervention by government to protect and aid common men in the complex scheme of modern existence, and asserted its aim was not socialism, but regulated individualism.

Rep. Snell

Championing a philosophy of change, the President said that "rules are not necessarily sacred—principles are. The methods of the old order are not, as some would have you believe, above the challenge of youth.

"To the American youth of all parties I submit a message of confidence—unite and challenge."

Under the auspices of the Republican national committee, Representative Bertrand H. Snell of New York spoke over the radio in direct reply to the President's appeal to youth—for both parties are making strenuous endeavors to capture the allegiance of the young men and women. Mr. Snell argued that a change in the Constitution abolishing rights of individual citizens would place "those who possess the power, the wealth and the cunning" in control of the government.

"Surely the youth of America," he said, "are not prepared to endorse any administration which is seeking to bring about such a condition."

JOHN G. WINANT, former governor of New Hampshire and a Republican, has been appointed chairman of the social security board, the body that will direct the part of the New Deal of which the President is proudest and which he declares is one of the outstanding social reforms in the history of the government. Mr. Winant's two associates on the board are to be Arthur J. Altmeyer of Wisconsin, who has been serving as an assistant secretary of labor, and Vincent Morgan Miles of Fort Smith, Ark., an attorney who has been associated with the Public Works administration. Each is to receive an annual salary of $10,000.

J. G. Winant

In sending his nominations to the senate the President stipulated that Winant will serve six years, Altmeyer will serve four years and Miles one year. All appointments date from last August 13 when the social security bill reached the White House.

As chairman of the new national labor relations board, operating under the Wagner act, the President named Joseph Madden, a Pittsburgh attorney. The other members appointed are John M. Carmody of New York and Edwin S. Smith of Massachusetts. J. D. Ross was nominated as a member of the securities and exchange commission, a job that it had been thought would be given to Benjamin Cohen.

APPLICATIONS for money from the four billion dollar works relief fund must be in by September 12, according to an executive order issued by the President. In addition, he directed all agencies—federal, state or municipal—to be prepared either to ask for bids or begin works operations by October 22.

JAMES A. MOFFETT has resigned as federal housing commissioner, carrying out his long expressed desire to return to private business. It was presumed in Washington that he would be succeeded by Stewart McDonald.

In his letter of resignation Mr. Moffett told the President that, despite necessary delays in getting the housing program under way, the housing administration was insuring construction and repair loans at the rate of $60,000,000 a month.

He also quoted bureau of labor statistics to show that residential building permits through the country in July had increased 214 per cent in value as compared with July, 1934. Nonresidential permits were up 18.4 per cent, he said, while alteration and repair permits had jumped 35.9 per cent.

WASHINGTON NEWS ITEMS OF INTEREST

Brief Resume of Happenings of the Week Collected for Our Readers

Okanogan—Roughly, 3000 cars of apples in the Wenatchee-Okanogan district have signed up for an advertising program.

Fairfield — The harvesting of the 30,000 acres of seed peas in the Fairfield district is being pushed to the limit. Peas are running 8 to 12 sacks to the acre.

Stevenson — Aerial pictures designed to convince congressmen and federal power officials that the main power transmission lines from Bonneville should be routed down the north bank of the river have been sent to Washington by the Washington Bonneville commission.

Bellingham — A record, at least for Whatcom county, is claimed for Nathalia Smith, 16, who picked 455 pounds of string beans on a farm near Lawrence in eight hours. She had only a week's experience. The average pickers harvest about 200 pounds a day.

Walla Walla — The crop-control program of the prune growers of this region has greatly increased their incomes. Outgoing carloads were so well distributed that few cars went on the auctions and cash buyers paid as much as $30 a ton. The Yakima district intends to follow the example set here, it was said.

Wilbur — Wheat shipping from here and other points in the Big Bend is at its peak. There is large demand for the grain. Approximately 50,000 bushels were shipped last week. Mail is frequently late because the passenger trains are utilized in hauling freight during this live season of wheat, fruit and livestock shipping.

Davenport—The Davenport Times-Tribune was given a real "scoop" just before going to press with its weekly edition last week, when a light sedan which Chauncey Rambo, service station employee, left parked on a hill north of the newspaper office, started downhill and crashed into the east wall of the building, narrowly missing a large window. The car was badly damaged, but not the building.

Grand Coulee—Seven Pacific coast companies bid on the job of supplying the Grand Coulee dam with the total of 4,220,000 barrels of cement when bids were opened at Denver last Tuesday. The total order, which is less than half of the 11,000,000 barrels needed to complete the project, is the largest single order ever to be made in the United States. When the contract is awarded, cement will be rolled into the dam area at the rate of 40 carloads per day.

Kennewick—Farmers of the Kennewick and Pasco regions are experimenting with the growing of peppermint in plots ranging from a half acre to eight acres in size. The crop is nearly ready to harvest and a yield of from 25 to 50 pounds per acre of distilled oil is expected. The oil is said to sell for $40 per gallon. On this basis, the crop would yield from $125 to $250 per acre. One farmer reports receiving, in 1934, $200 for oil produced on half an acre.

Yakima—Yakima chamber of commerce has a letter from a German fruit importer seeking to exchange German manufactured goods for Yakima fruit. "Germany needs your apples and is willing to buy at a good price," the letter states. It was sent to the United States chamber of commerce at New York and forwarded here. It proposed trading nail-making machinery, railway supplies, pruning and fruit packing equipment, sprayers, insecticide chemicals and paper products of all kinds.

Vancouver — As the fall season approaches huckle berries in the Mount Adams section continue to ripen in larger quantities and prices f. o. b. the berry fields took a corresponding drop. Up to Wednesday night about 5285 gallons of the luscious pie fruit had been checked out of the fields at the Peterson Prairie guard station. Nearly 4000 individuals have visited the fields so far this season and slightly more than one third of that number were still in camp when the last check was made.

Washington To Advertise Apples

Wenatchee — A national advertising campaign for the Washington boxed apple industry will be carried on this season, the advertising committee announced when grower sign-up reached 4,000,000 boxes. This is only 40 per cent of the required pledge of a cent a box, but so uniform has been support from growers, the canvassing crew reported their goal is assured. Work in the Yakima district will begin soon.

Washington Digest

National Topics Interpreted by William Bruckart

National Press Building Washington, D. C.

Washington.—Politics being inseparable from governmental administration under our system, it becomes pertinent at this time to examine what has happened in the late session of congress. In a nation where a two-party political structure obtains, politics cannot be segregated from the administration in the larger sense. It is not with a critical attitude, therefore, that the magnifying glass is held over the doings of President Roosevelt, his cabinet and brain trust advisers and the congress that has lately adjourned.

Build Campaign Battle Lines

I believe it will be agreed that politics has predominated in the management of our national affairs during the last eight months especially. The fervor and appeal that was held for recovery by all of us during the earlier days of the Roosevelt administration seems to have been largely dissipated. That is not to say that no one wants to see recovery accomplished. It is to say, however, that this fervor and this appeal has been somewhat subordinated. Thus, it can be summarized in a brief sentence: The administration, looking to the elections of 1936, has been engaged in building campaign battle lines and forging campaign ammunition.

The 1934 congressional elections presented to the country an issue based on the performances and the future program of President Roosevelt. It was accorded a proposition where citizens were voting either to give the New Deal a future mandate and the President authority to proceed as he thought best or to vote a mandate that would call a halt on those same performances and policies. The country supported Mr. Roosevelt, some of his advisers since have told me, in a manner even more substantial than he had anticipated. He emerged from that campaign with a larger Democratic majority in the house than he had before. In addition he was accorded much more than a necessary two-thirds of the senate. The picture looked roseate.

Though the congress that has just ended its session gave the President many anxious hours, I think that on the whole it can be regarded as having provided him with a record of rather arduous and faithful response to his wishes. He did not obtain quite all that he wanted nor did he obtain that portion of his program exactly in the form he desired. But, again, politics in congress is almost a matter of general compromise anyway so that the President can be said to have come out very well. He can proceed now to any plans for that session of congress which convenes next January and which, in accordance with nearly all precedents, will adjourn ahead of the national political conventions next June.

* * *

Looking to the Future

Politics being the game that it is, one must look into the future to discover the ultimate goal. So, looking into the future, one discerns several objects or objectives of decided, as well as important, interest to the individual voters.

In the first place, the consensus surely is that Mr. Roosevelt has built a legislative and administrative structure in our government that presents a concrete and unqualified issue to the American people, namely, to proceed along New Deal lines and make the necessary changes in the Constitution to permit execution of those policies or to throw the whole thing overboard. There can be no equivocation.

As the structure stands at this time and as it will stand until the next session of congress is under way, many New Deal propositions are of doubtful constitutionality. If they are so held by the Supreme court of the United States then Mr. Roosevelt is believed certain to turn to the country and request Constitutional revision.

His latest and perhaps his most definite move in this direction was in connection with the so-called Guffey coal bill. It will be recalled that, in placing that piece of legislation on the "must" list of measures to be acted on before congress adjourned, Mr. Roosevelt advised house leaders that he wanted it passed and he did not care particularly whether some members of congress had "reasonable doubts" about its constitutionality. In effect, therefore, the President commanded passage of legislation that must place before the Supreme court a vital question for determination. It will be tested. Of that there is no doubt. If the law is held unconstitutional, it merely means that its provisions form another part of the campaign battleground observed to be shaping.

Mr. Roosevelt also succeeded in forcing through congress the legislation destroying the public utility holding companies. It was a tough fight but the President was victorious. Now, I hear from many sources that court examination of the legislation likewise will come because some folks are convinced it is confiscatory. If it is, it is unconstitutional.

And so it is in the case of several other pieces of legislation enacting New Deal ideas into statutes. One by one, it appears they will get before courts for review.

Thus, the line of cleavage is marked. While the President has remained silent, neither denying nor confirming the undercurrent of information that I have reported here, one cannot fail to reach the conclusion that if many of the New Deal measures are held invalid, the President and his New Deal supporters, of necessity, must go to the country in the next election seeking constitutional modification to permit the use of policies now inimical to our form of government. That is the issue which the voters will be called upon to decide.

* * *

As to the Opposition

Since we have examined the circumstances from the New Deal side, let us likewise see what the Republicans and other oppositionists are doing. Lately, I have talked with some of the recognized Republican wheel horses. Whether they speak the sentiment of the masses of Republican voters or whether they voiced only their own views is not important here. Political straws do show which way the political winds are blowing. So when these veterans of many political battles say that they welcome the creation by the New Dealers of an issue, they evidently see in the situation worthwhile opportunities. When they say that they are willing to go to the country in defense of the Constitution as it stands and the traditions it represents, they evidently feel they are on firm ground.

Much water can go over the dam between now and November, 1936, and much sentiment can be changed in that time. But the Republicans thus far have done very little in the way of building up their case. While they appear to be enthusiastic about their chances against Mr. Roosevelt in 1936, they have thus far failed to develop even a nucleus of an organization.

It may be their strategy not to start their cannonading too early. Indeed, I have heard the thought expressed that it would be unwise to use ammunition too far in advance. At any rate, there have been only a scattered few direct attacks on what certainly must be the issue of 1936, the question of revision or retention of our Constitution.

* * *

G. O. P. Bides Its Time

One argument advanced why Republican leadership has not been more active is that if a start is made too early, the Roosevelt administration will have an opportunity to answer all of the criticism. Said one Republican leader: "We would be utterly foolish to permit the New Dealers to know all of our arguments too far in advance. I, for one, am content to let them proceed with their socialistic regimentation because I know that every time a calf is given too much rope, it chokes itself to death."

Then there is another factor which I understand is responsible for the delay in Republican attacks. A good many Republicans have a hope, at least, that a campaign based on a plea for maintenance of our Constitution and the traditions and modes of living which it represents will draw to the Republican candidate a certain segment of Democrats who are unsympathetic with the New Deal. There has been plenty of evidence in the session of congress just adjourned that at heart numerous Democrats lean to the conservative as distinguished from the New Deal method of government. The closing hours of the congressional session seemed to belie this. But anyone who mingled among old time Democrats in the house could not fail to have observed existence of a doubt as to the wisdom of many New Deal policies. Those men were forced to line up behind the Presidential program not because they believed in it fully but for two other reasons. These reasons were: first, they still entertained some fear that if they broke with the President it might mean their political defeat for renomination and re-election, and second, they were harassed and physically and mentally tired and wanted to go home.

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OLD GROWTH—Forest Wood Call 938, Elmer Huese for speedy delivery. (Square Ricks.)

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OVIATT'S BARBER SHOP, Haircuts: adults 35c; kiddies, 25c; located near Cherry Eight Grocery. rtfn.

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E. O'BRIEN—Wood any length—Phone 626-R. tfn

Tea and High Tea

Tea may be little more than the name implies—tea accompanied by toast, muffins and cakes, while a high tea offers, in reality, a meal served earlier than a dinner would be. A choice of several meats, salads, breads of various kinds, cakes, a sherbet or ice, and tea and coffee or other beverages are usually offered the guests.

High Standard of Living

The people of New Zealand have, it is said, a general material standard of living higher than that of any country in the world.

Demand for Panama Hats

Ecuador's leading industry is the so-called "Panama" hat. So great is the demand that the manufacturers are never able to fully supply it.

Heat of Sun's Interior

How hot the interior of the sun may be is estimated variously from 10,000,000 degrees centigrade to 100,000,000 degrees.

Donkey Before Horses

Hundreds of years before wild horses were tamed the donkey was being used as a beast of burden.

Discovered Appendicitis

The cause of appendicitis was discovered by two American doctors less than 40 years ago.

New Orleans to Shanghai

From New Orleans to Shanghai is 15,191 [illegible] miles.

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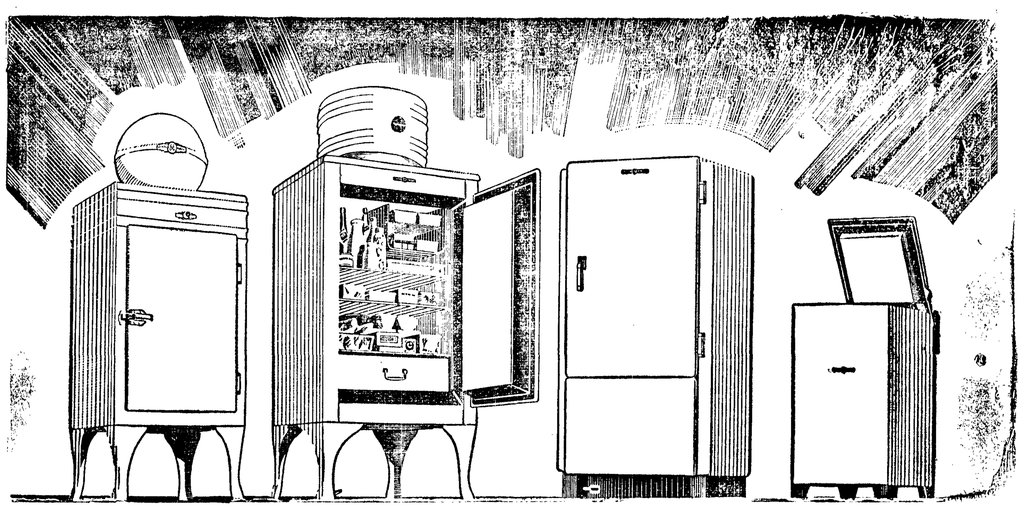

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Showing of New 1935 G-E Refrigerators
All with "ageless" sealed-in-steel mechanism—All with 5 Years Performance Protection

THE NEW 1935 G-E refrigerators are on display this week—a dozen models to select from—*any style! any size! any price!* All three types of refrigerators are here to see and to compare . . . Monitor Top, Flatop and Liftop models. Beautifully styled . . . equipped with all the modern convenience features . . and, most important, all powered with the "ageless" General Electric sealed-in-steel mechanism that carries 5 years performance protection for only $1 a year.

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Today, hundreds of thousands of G-E sealed-in-steel mechanisms are as good as the day they were bought five, six and seven years ago. In "hot spots" all over the world . . . where temperatures stand at 100° to 120° for weeks at a time . . . this matchless mechanism performs unfalteringly year after year.

THE FAMOUS GENERAL ELECTRIC MECHANISM is hermetically sealed within walls of ageless steel—requiring no attention, not even oiling.

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General Electric offers the only open, completely sanitary super-freezer of stainless steel that cannot chip or tarnish. It freezes more ice faster and provides generous, convenient space for ice cubes, frozen foods and storage at temperatures below freezing.

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SLIDING SHELVES that slip forward at the touch of a finger, bringing all food in plain sight and easy reach.

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TEMPERATURE CONTROL for fast or slow freezing and economical operation.

LIBERAL TERMS

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Liked Artistic Weapons

Early in the Nineteenth century the making of artistic weapons in France was encouraged by Napoleon, who presented armes de recompense to all his marshals. The luxury of making such weapons ceased with the downfall of the empire and shortly after the English gunmakers took away the superiority from France. During the second dacade of the Nineteenth century the tendency of the gunsmith was to become a painstaking mechanic rather than an artist, and this tendency has persisted ever since, the enriched, yet not always reliable firearms giving way to the severely plain but highly efficient guns of today.

Record Dustfall

The record dustfall in historic times is undoubtedly that which is associated with the terrific volcanic eruption of Krakatoa in 1883 in the Strait of Sunda. Over a radius of a thousand miles dust ruined down and formed a stratum measurable by inches. For three days the skies were red over a great part of the earth—an optical phenomenon caused by the Krakatoa eruption. In fact, these red skies made it possible to determine how far Krakatoa's volcanic dust had been flung. It took years for it all to settle. It had to fall by its own weight, a fall much retarded by friction.

Bay Rum

The original bay rum is made by distilling the juice of the leaves of the bay berry, a tree which grows extensively in the West Indies. No particular attention is given to the cultivation of the tree. The making of bay rum was formerly chiefly a seasonal, local industry in the islands. The distilled oil of the bay, however, is only one ingredient of the commercial bay rum of the present day. It includes also alcohol, water, oil of orange peel and oil of pimenta. Most of that sold in the United States is mixed in this country by drug firms, hair tonic manufacturers, etc.

Deckle Edge Paper

A rough, untrimmed edge of paper is called deckle edge. This is the edge left by the deckles, which are the curbs on the sides of the apron of a paper machine confining the flowing pulp, this determining the width of the paper. The deckle edge on note paper is usually an imitation of this.

Arizona's Wild Horses

Despite the encroachments of civilization there are still some 50,000 wild horses roaming over the state of Arizona.

Are Teeth Like Human's

It is almost impossible to distinguish with certainty between some ape teeth and some teeth from human jaws.

Origination of Hurricanes

Hurricanes that sweep the mid-Atlantic states are said to originate somewhere in the ocean between Florida and Africa.

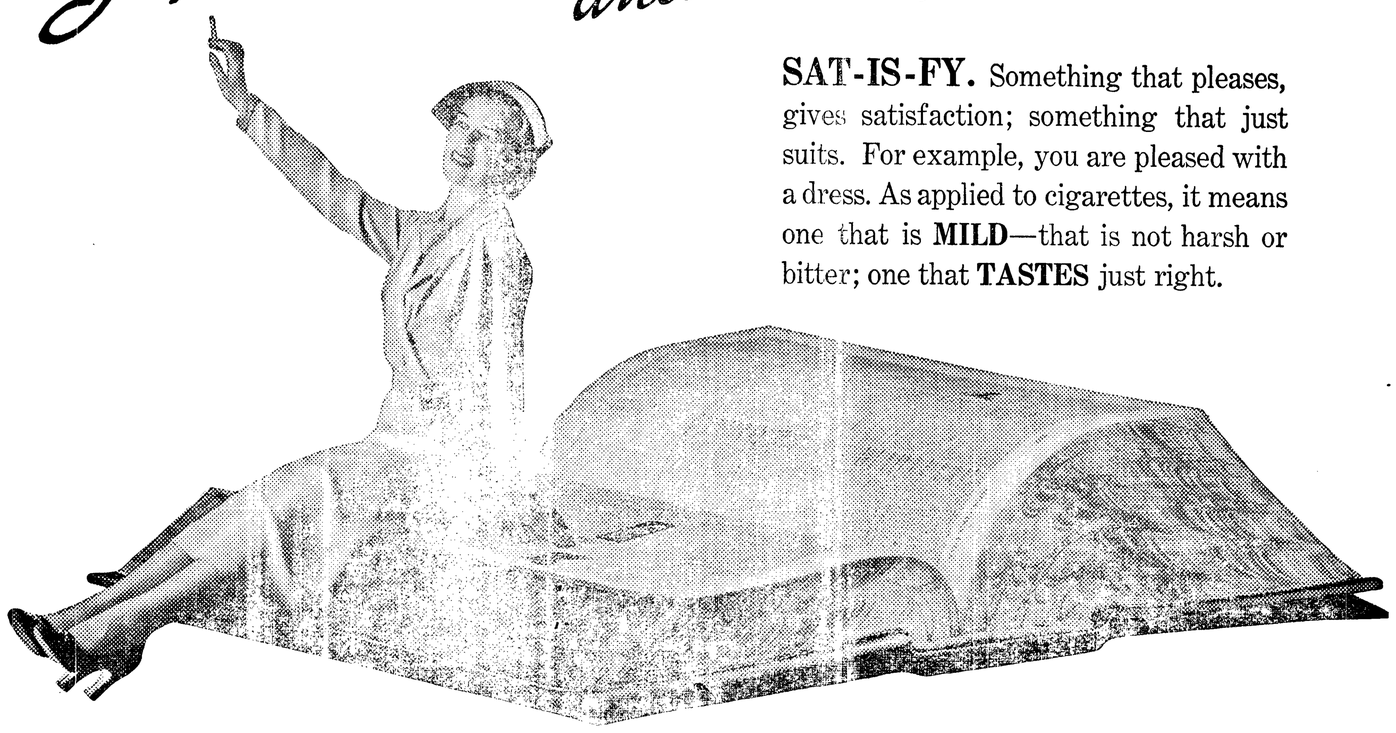
First Passenger Railroad

The first passenger railroad in the United States (the Baltimore & Ohio, 14 miles long) was opened to the public May 24, 1830.

Better Hang Onto Job

It takes an act of congress to reinstate a policeman who has been dismissed from the Washington police force.

I looked up Satisfy and it says—



SAT-IS-FY. Something that pleases, gives satisfaction; something that just suits. For example, you are pleased with a dress. As applied to cigarettes, it means one that is **MILD**—that is not harsh or bitter; one that **TASTES** just right.

Chesterfield ... *the cigarette that's MILDER*

Chesterfield ... *the cigarette that TASTES BETTER*

© 1935, Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

Hemstitching 5c per yd. Phone 1053-W

Singer Sewing Machine Co.

New and Second Hand Machines

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A. C. HILLMAN AGENT. — — — 218 E. 1st STREET

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Byron's Beauty Shoppe

Even If Lovely Skin Is Inherited, it Must Be Preserved

For lovely hair—featuring the very best Permanent wave solution including Eugene Waves.

For Lovely Skin

The very best cosmetic including Albert of The Palace, an individual cosmetic formula. For appointment phone 738. Located next to the Lee Hotel, 114 W. First street.

The only Beauty Shoppe carrying a Union Card

Oliver Guy's

PALACE of SWEETS

129 East Front Street

"BEER WITH CHEER"

Complete Fountain Service

Selling candy in the same spot for 49 years

"It Must Be Good"

MERCHANTS HOTEL

AND RESTAURANT

GOOD EATS

WINE — — — BEER

Lew Thompson, Prop.

GEORGE'S SERVICE STATION

Oldsmobile

The Lowest Priced Fine Car

Phone 940

After The Show Or Dance

Visit The

Dew Drop Inn

The Best of Beer Kept In Our Frigidaire

"Tasty Hamburgers"

(Ground in our own kitchen)

Horse Shoe Courts Adjoining

5th and Lincoln Port Angeles

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Opposite Olympus Hotel—One Block from Ferry

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Co-Operative Laundry & Cleaning Company

:—:

TRY US FOR PROMPT SERVICE

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TUBES TESTED FREE

IF YOU'VE DISTORTION OR SPLUTTERING, MOANING OR GROANING IN YOUR RADIO—

Probaby One or More of Your Tubes Are Sick.

Call us on the phone, or bring your tubes to us. ..We have test equipment that will accurately tell the exact ailments of your tubes. ..And if they need replacing, we carry the complete TUNG-SOL line—Tubes that give long fine service.

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Rudy's Radio Shop

RADIATORS BOILED OUT AND REPAIRED

Bodies and Fenders Repaired

CARS PAINTED

Angeles Radiator and Body Shop

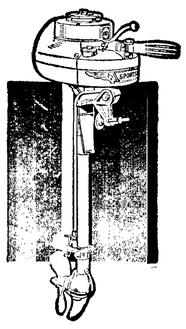
115 So. Lincoln — Phone 324

Motors, Generators and Light Plants Repaired, Sold and Exchanged

115 North Lincoln

Evinrude Sportsmen

$59.75 HERE



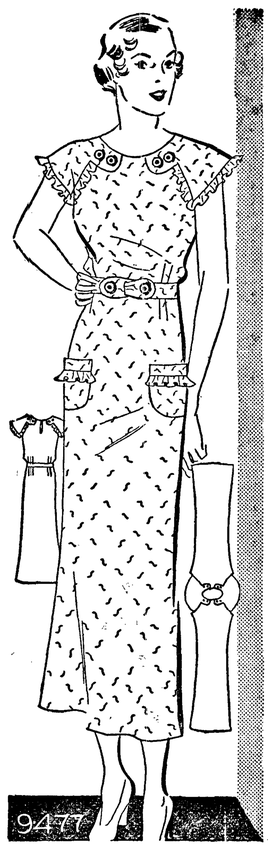
Is designed by the same engineers, built in the oldest outboard factory, of highest grade materials, on the same machinery, by the same skillful workmen, and backed by the same guarantee as the costliest EVINRUDE—Elto Models.

131 E. Front Street

Todd Cycle Shop

Ruffling Inexpensive Touch to House Frock

PATTERN 9477



By popular demand the house frock sheds its "work-a-day" appearance and blossoms forth in a crisp, dainty (but serviceable none the less!) manner to delight the wearer and eye of the beholder! Pattern 9477 is so utterly simple in design that the veriest beginner can attempt it confidently. Instead of a troublesome sleeve, an epaulet effect is achieved with one simple cut. Choose a crisp, sheer cotton, like swiss or lawn with a bright design scattered over it, buy a few yards of contrasting ruffling—and presto! you've a cool house frock that does itself proud for porch or street wear, too!

Pattern 9477 may be ordered only in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42. Size 16 requires 3 yards 36-inch fabric. Complete, diagrammed sew chart included.

SEND FIFTEEN CENTS in coins or stamps (coins preferred) for this pattern. Be sure to write plainly your NAME, ADDRESS, the STYLE NUMBER and SIZE

Send your order to the Sewing Circle Pattern Department, 232 West Eighteenth street, New York, N. Y.

Smiles

TERRIBLE! TERRIBLE!

Did you hear the joke I played on my wife?"

"Not unless you refer to your getting her to marry you."

That's the Idea

"My papa's a mounted policeman," said little Pat to his mother's visitor.

"Is that better than being a foot policeman?" she asked.

"'Course it is," replied Pat. "If there's any trouble, he can get away quicker."

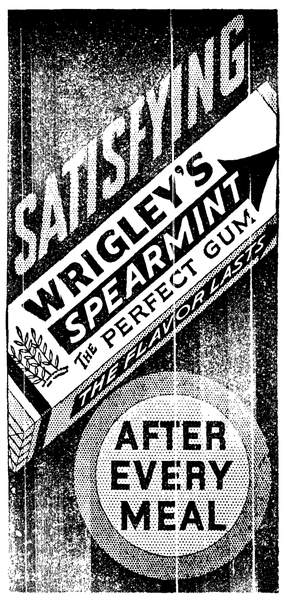
Learned His Lesson

"Have you ever had a lesson by correspondence?"

"Rather—I never write to women now."—Stray Stories Magazine.

Cries for More

Jimmie—"Dad, what do they put water in stocks for?" Dad—"To soak the investors, son."



PROBLEM OF HOW BEST TO PUNISH CHILD SERIOUS

The problem of how best to punish a child to help him or her to understand the error of his ways so that a like mistake will not be made repeatedly, is one of the things which puzzles parents. Should the child have careful explanations of why the thing is wrong for which he is punished? Should he learn to obey arbitrarily with the reliance on father and mother's word and judgments being right? Should corporal punishment be banned in favor of restrictions? When many different methods have been tried and still no change for the better is the result, the problem assumes grave aspects, as there is a tendency to disregard rightful rules. This is, of course, assuming that the parent's judgment is correct, and not capricious. A child soon appreciates when the disciplining is not just.

Children are governed in so many different ways, that no hard and fast rule can be given that will apply in all cases, but, as a general thing, very little folk have to depend upon mother's and father's commands being final. For this reason parents should learn to be guarded in what they demand of their little ones. Implicit obedience of officers' commands, seldom understood by soldiers, is expected in army life, but home life is a different matter.

Affection is the guiding power. The parents love their children so much they want to bring them up to have respect for their maturer judgments, to understand that what was done was to help them to adjust to life, to deport themselves in an upright and honorable way, to strengthen home affiliations, and at the same time to teach them self government and that independence which is founded on a respect for the laws of the land.

The reaction of training the children in these things is beneficial on the parents. Their high ideals for their off-spring are stimulating. The knowledge that they, themselves, are patterns of excellence and represent all the virtues to the children whose belief in their goodness is steadfast, and also their belief in the goodness of other people is founded on this faith in them, bring out fine traits and qualities in the older folk.

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Pensions for the Aged

Blessed are the pensions for the aged. They may thus escape many indignities.

When in the Northwest
HEATHMAN HOTELS

In the hub of Portland, Oregon's shopping and theatrical center... these two splendid hostelries offer you every comfort and luxury at extremely moderate cost.

BEST IN THE WEST

Portland's newest and finest hotels....located in the hub of the shopping and recreational district ...are the unquestioned choice of experienced travelers.

HARRY E. HEATHMAN MANAGER

THE NEW HEATHMAN BROADWAY AT SALMON

THE HEATHMAN PARK AT SALMON

PORTLAND OREGON

The Choice of Millions

K·C BAKING POWDER

Double Tested — Double Action

Manufactured by baking powder Specialists who make nothing but baking powder—under supervision of expert chemists.

Same Price Today as 44 Years Ago

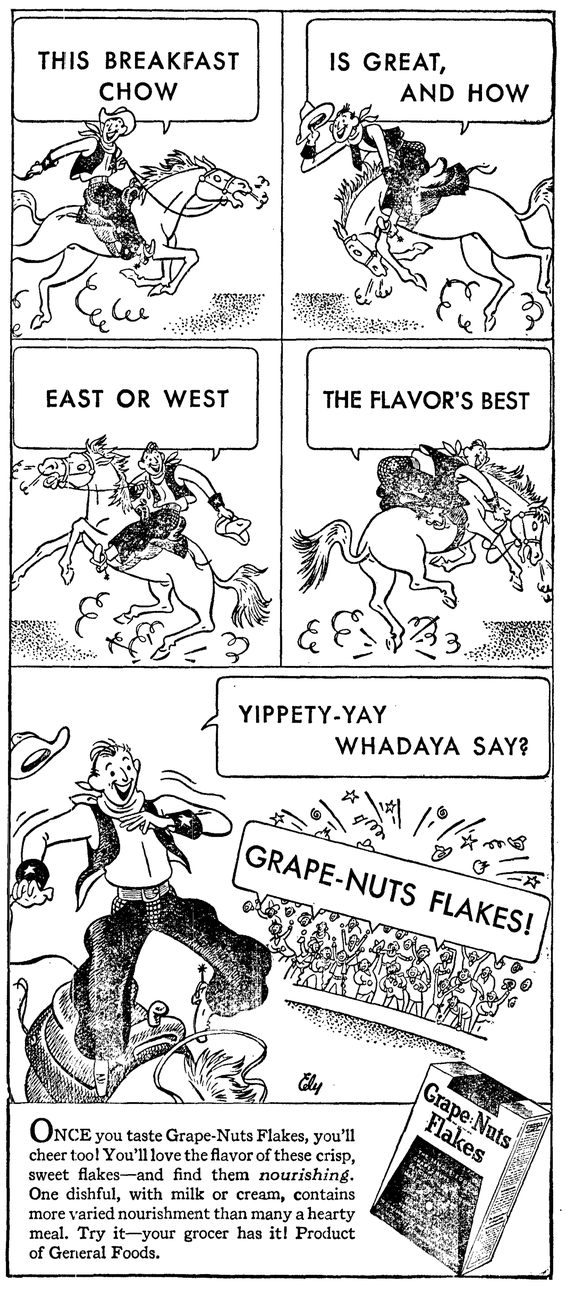
25 ounces for 25c

You can also buy

A full 10 ounce can for 10c 15 ounce can for 15c

Highest Quality — Always Dependable

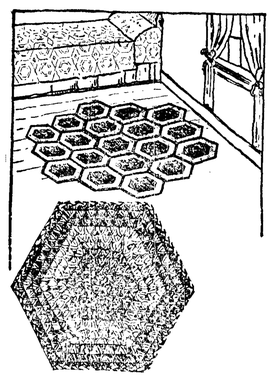
MILLIONS OF POUNDS HAVE BEEN USED BY OUR GOVERNMENT



ONCE you taste Grape-Nuts Flakes, you'll cheer too! You'll love the flavor of these crisp, sweet flakes—and find them *nourishing*. One dishful, with milk or cream, contains more varied nourishment than many a hearty meal. Try it—your grocer has it! Product of General Foods.

Different Ways of Making Rugs

By GRANDMOTHER CLARK



The making of rag rugs has interested needleworkers for hundreds of years. One very good reason for this is that rugs are practical and wanted in every home. The larger the rug the harder the work; the weight increases as the work progresses. Making a rug of motifs and then assembling takes the hard labor out of rug making and the work becomes interesting. Work these motifs in spare time at home or elsewhere and, when all are finished, assemble.

Folder No. 532 contains a lot of information about making the hexagon motif in various sizes in hexagon shaped rugs and in various color combinations. Hexagon motifs are crocheted in any size and color scheme according to your own idea. Amount of material and all the stitches are given and other hints of value to rug makers. A new kind of chart for selecting your colors gives you an opportunity to see what your rug looks like before you go ahead with the work. You can get some wonderful ideas from this folder on "Different Ways to Make Rugs." It will be mailed to you upon receipt of 10 cents.

Address Home Craft Co., Dept. C., Nineteenth and St. Louis Ave., St. Louis, Mo. Inclose stamped addressed envelope for reply when writing for any information.

Paper Clothes Prophesied as 1980 Mode by Designer

What will women wear in 1980?

Miss Elizabeth Hawes, dress designer, recently traced the current revolution in style trend, which began during the World war, and made the following predictions:

Paper underclothing and paper sports costumes for men and women will have been generally accepted by that time.

Mass production of clothes will have been developed to such an extent every woman can be sure of finding a perfect fit in any dress she chooses.

The public will have become clothes conscious to the extent it, rather than the manufacturers, will dictate fashions and materials.

Miss Hawes also pointed out that important transitions in style take place at intervals of approximately every seven years. She mentioned that corsets were worn in 1914, were out of use in 1921, and came back into style in 1928 when a definite trend to feminine creations was under way.

"The chic figure of 1925 required dieting," she said, "but the figure of 1935 requires only a proper amount of exercise."

Quick, Pleasant Successful Elimination

Let's be frank—there's only one way for your body to rid itself of the waste material that causes acidity, gas, headaches, bloated feelings and a dozen other discomforts.

Your intestines must function and the way to make them move quickly, pleasantly, successfully, without griping or harsh irritants is to chew a Milnesia Wafer thoroughly, in accordance with directions on the bottle or tin, then swallow.

Milnesia Wafers, pure milk of magnesia in tablet form, each equivalent to a tablespoon of liquid milk of magnesia, correct acidity, bad breath, flatulence, at their source, and enable you to have the quick, pleasant, successful elimination so necessary to abundant health.

Milnesia Wafers come in bottles at 35c and 60c or in convenient tins at 20c. Recommended by thousands of physicians. All good druggists carry them. Start using these pleasant tasting effective wafers today.

Convenience

"Do you read everything that is said about you?"

"Yes," said Senator Sorghum. "It saves me trouble. When I want to use bad language I find it before my eyes. I don't need to bother with a book of synonyms."

Tortured with Itching of Pimples

Relieved After Using Cuticura

"My face was a mass of pimples due to some external irritation, and I was in agony for three months. The pimples were hard, red and large and were scattered all over my face. I was tortured with the itching and it kept me awake.

"I used many remedies, but to no avail. A friend asked me to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment, so I did. Soon an improvement could be seen, and after using for two and a half months my complexion was clear." (Signed) Joseph Paradis, 1078 S. Blvd., New York City, May 2, 1935.

Soap 25c, Ointment 25c and 50c, Talcum 25c. Sold everywhere. One sample each free. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. R, Malden, Mass."—Adv.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Removes Dandruff-Stops Hair Falling

Imparts Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair

60c and $1.00 at Druggists. Hiscox Chem. Wks., Patchogue, N.Y.

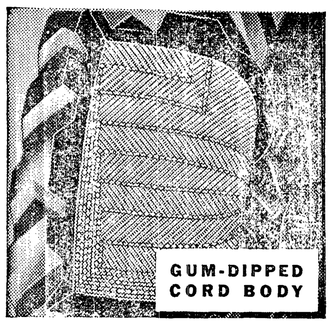
FLORESTON SHAMPOO—Ideal for use in connection with Parker's Hair Balsam. Makes the hair soft and fluffy. 50 cents by mail or at druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N.Y.

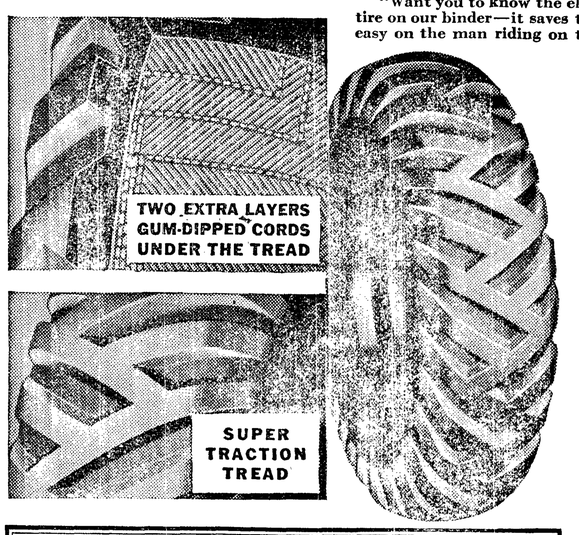
THREE PATENTED CONSTRUCTION FEATURES MADE THIS NEW GROUND GRIP TIRE POSSIBLE

THE new Firestone Ground Grip Tire is the greatest traction tire ever built. It has 54% more tread rubber to give your car, truck, tractor and farm implements the greatest traction ever known.

Gum-Dipping, the Firestone patented process which soaks every cord in liquid rubber, makes it possible for this tire to stand the terrific strains and stresses of the extra pulling power. Firestone Tires are the only tires built that are Gum-Dipped.

The tread is built of extra tough rubber and designed with deep grooves between scientifically placed cross bars, giving super-traction and long wear. Firestone Ground Grip Tires are self-cleaning. (Chains are not needed.) The bars of the rubber are so placed that they will not bump on paved roads, giving you easier riding and longer wear.





READ WHAT FARMERS SAY ABOUT THEIR SAVINGS WITH FIRESTONE GROUND GRIP TIRES

TEXAS... Mr. C. W. Wardlow, McKinney, Texas, writes: "Approximately 28% saving in fuel, and 38% more acres worked each day, and am able to go through any kind of 'tough going' due to your new tread design on the Ground Grip Tires."

OHIO... Mr. G. I. Henning of West Salem, Ohio, writes: "Want you to know the effectiveness of your pneumatic tire on our binder—it saves time, we cut grain faster, it is easy on the man riding on the binder and now we never have to stop to tighten up bolts."

SOUTH DAKOTA... Chris S. Anderson, Badger, S. D., says: "I like Firestone Tires because the tractor runs easier, uses less fuel, travels faster and hauls larger loads."

NEBRASKA... Dr. C. E. Larsen of Tilden, Nebraska, writes: "I purchased a set of your new Ground Grip Tires about two months ago for my coupe ... I have not been able to stick this car in mud since they were put on and they have already saved me three sets of chains and I would not be without them if they cost double what you charge."

IOWA... Mr. H. Elsbury of Sutherland, Iowa, writes: "With Firestone Tires on my McCormick Deering Tractor and Separator I have taken in over $100 from farmers I could not reach with other wheels."

See your nearest Firestone Auto Supply and Service Store or Firestone Tire Dealer and let him show you how the new line of Ground Grip Tires will save time and money on your farm. Remember, there is also a complete line of Firestone Auto Supplies for your automobile needs.

Ask the Firestone Auto Supply and Service Store or Dealer for your copy of the new Firestone Farm Catalog of Tires, Batteries and Auto Supplies.

GROUND GRIP TIRES FOR CARS		GROUND GRIP TIRES FOR TRUCKS		GROUND GRIP TIRES FOR TRACTORS	
4.40/4.50/4.75-21	$7.85	32x6 Truck Type	$27.65	5.50-16	$11.05
4.75/5.00-19	8.50	32x6 H.D.	36.25	6.00-16	12.40
4.50/4.75/5.00-20	8.35	6.00-20	16.95	7.50-18	17.45
5.25/5.50-17	10.55	6.50-20	21.95	9.00-36	73.95
5.25/5.50-18	10.65	7.00-20	29.10	11.25-24	66.60
6.00-16	11.95	7.50-20	35.20	12.75-28	96.50

OTHER SIZES PRICED PROPORTIONATELY LOW

GUARANTEE... This heavy, Super-Traction tread is guaranteed not to loosen from the tire body under any conditions, and all other parts of the tire are fully guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Listen to the Voice of Firestone—featuring Margaret Speaks, Soprano, and the Firestone Choral Symphony, with William Daly's Orchestra—every Monday night over N. B. C.—WEAF Network

Firestone

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